

Teacher guide

Leadership styles - Tesco

Where does the lesson fit?

This session would fit in a Managing People or Human Resources module, preferably following by the session relating to factors affecting the choice of leadership style



Suggested resources & activities related to leadership styles and Tesco

- Full Tesco case study
- Leadership Styles PowerPoint
- Factors Affecting Leadership Styles lesson resources
- Tesco crossword
- Tesco word search

Suggested timings for the session

5 mins Starter e.g. Tesco crossword

5 mins Use the Leadership Styles PowerPoint to discuss the topic

5 mins Read the case study

15 mins Questions

20 mins Task . creating a presentation in small teams

10 mins What have you learned?

Answers to questions

1. What is leadership?

Leadership is concerned with influencing, motivating and inspiring people.

- 2. List the three different leadership styles commonly used in organisations.
 - Autocratic (Telling)
 - Democratic (Sharing)
 - Laissez-faire (Hands-off)

(Other leadership styles have been identified, however, such as Paternalistic (Selling) and Participative (Sharing))



BUSINESS CASE STUDIES

3. Explain the difference between an ± consultqapproach and an ± shareq approach to leadership.

With a consultative approach, the manager still makes the final decision but will consult with the workers beforehand. With an ± shareqapproach the workers are involved in the decision making process, with each member having equal input.

4. Analyse why some managers may be happy to adopt a laissez-faire style of management.

Managers may adopt a laissez-faire style because:

- The workers are skilled at making decisions
- The workers may have more knowledge and ideas relating to the decision making if they are ±at the coalfaceg
- A laissez-faire can motivate the workers leading to better productivity, lower absenteeism and lower labour turnover.

Or:

• The manager may not want to make the decisions themselves.

What have you learned?

Expected learning would include:

- The different management styles include autocratic, paternalistic, democratic, participative, laissez-faire
- Alternatively the styles may be called: telling, selling, consulting, sharing, hands-off
- Leadership styles can be considered in terms of the amount of control of the manager compared to the freedom given to employees.
- Managers may have a preferred leadership style, however, different styles may be necessary in different situations